

JAIPUR

PINK CITY

MAP



QUICK HISTORY

- 1 Founded by The Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II hence the name Jaipur.
- 2 Construction of Jaipur city under the guidance of Vidyadhar Bhattacharya, a Bengali architect.
- 3 Jaipur becomes part of British India under the suzerainty of the British Empire.
- 4 Jaipur hosts the Prince of Wales, Edward VII, during his India tour, boosting its prominence.
- 5 After India gains independence from British rule, Jaipur becomes part of the Indian Union.
- 6 Jaipur becomes the capital of the newly formed state of Rajasthan.
- 7 Jaipur is now a UNESCO World Heritage Site, honoring its cultural importance internationally.
- 8 Jaipur transforms into a bustling tourist hub, celebrated for its historic charm and vibrant culture amidst rapid urbanization.

LOCAL LINGO

Padharo	Baitho	Chaal	Piyo	Jawo
Come	Sit	Walk	Drink	Go
Tu kaain karyo?	Main kathe jaاون?	Tharo		
What did you do	Where should I go	Yours		

1. Nahargarh Biological Park

Nahargarh Biological Park, a part of the Nahargarh sanctuary is located about 12 km from Jaipur on the Jaipur-Delhi highway. It encompasses a large area of 720 hectares and is situated under the Aravalli range. The Park is famous for its vast flora and fauna, and its main aim is to conserve it.

2. Panna Meena ka Kund

Panna Meena ka Kund, a 16th-century stepwell in Rajasthan, served for water storage and religious ceremonies. Its symmetrical square design features stairs that create an illusion of infinity, adding to its architectural allure. The stepwell's northern wall hosts a room designated for rituals, enriching its historical significance.

3. Amer Fort

Amer Fort is known for its artistic style elements. With its large ramparts and series of gates and cobbled paths, the fort overlooks Maota Lake, which is the main source of water for the Amer Palace. Amer is entirely surrounded by hills and stands at the foot of a rocky gorge. It was made the capital of the state of the Kachwaha Rajput.



4. Jal Mahal

Jal Mahal, the "Water Palace," stands gracefully amidst the serene waters of Man Sagar Lake in Pink City. Constructed around 1699, this architectural marvel is a testament to the grandeur of Rajput style. Its five levels, with only one visible above water, evoke curiosity and wonder among visitors. Jal Mahal exudes an aura of tranquility and mystique, offering a captivating glimpse into Rajasthan's rich cultural heritage.

5. Garh Ganesh Ji Temple

Garh Ganesh Temple is a historical temple of Lord Ganesh inside the metropolis of Jaipur. It is positioned on the hills near Nahargarh Fort and Jaigarh Fort. Garh Ganesh temple is devoted to Lord Ganesh. It is thought that Ganesh is present in the temple within the shape of small toddler. In the Garh Ganesh temple, Lord Ganesh is established in the statue of infant Ganesh - Vigra Purushakriti.

6. Jaigarh Fort

Jaigarh Fort, nestled on the rugged hills of Jaipur, not only symbolizes Rajput valor but also holds the majestic Jaivana cannon, showcasing the remarkable engineering feats of its time, inviting visitors to delve into its rich historical legacy.

7. Nahargarh Fort

Nahargarh once served as the defense ring for Jaipur. It was built in 1734 by Sawai Jai Singh, the then king of Jaipur, mainly as a retreat for the queens and the king. The fort was originally named Sudershangarh, but it became known as Nahargarh, which means 'abode of tigers'.

8. Chandpole Bazar

The traditional market is located in the heart of Jaipur city. It stretches from Choti Chapuad to Chandpole Gate. Equally important it is inside the old city walls thus it is also a part of walled city of Jaipur.

9. Govind Dev Ji Ka Mandir

The Govind Dev Ji temple, nestled in Pink City Palace, is a revered site of Gaudiya Vaishnavism tradition, dedicated to Krishna and Radha. Adorned with beautiful and stunning European chandeliers and Indian art, and boasting a gold-decked ceiling, it's a serene oasis in the heart of Rajasthan.

10. Rawat Mishthan Bhandar

The birthplace of Pyaz and other varieties of kachoris, Rawat Mishthan Bhandar is located at the heart of Jaipur. The Ghewars from Rawat deserve to be synonymous with heaven and sweets.

11. Gypsy Monkey

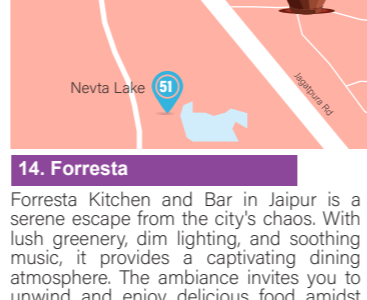
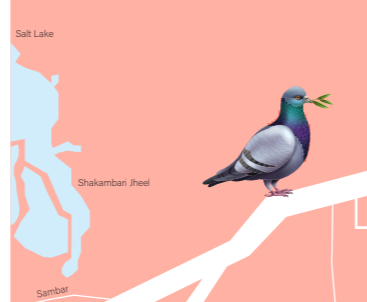
Zostel Gypsy Monkey is a unique and very creative hotel. Featuring a rooftop swimming pool and a shared lounge. Zostel provides a comfy and magical stay in Jaipur. Rooftop café also has stunning views of the city, offering a soothing ambiance to relax and chill also experience the rich historic hospitality of Rajasthan. Zostel is set in Jaipur, 300 m from Sindh Camp.

12. Jantar Mantar

The Jantar Mantar, Jaipur is a collection of nineteen astronomical instruments built by the Rajput king Sawai Jai Singh, the founder of Jaipur, Rajasthan.

13. Gulab Ji Chai Wala

There is such magic in the hands of Gulab ji. Gulab Ji famous chai in Pink city is a tea stall with a character. Its ambience is homely and you'll find the young and old sitting on stools and sipping on the best moments of their day.



14. Forresta

Forresta Kitchen and Bar in Jaipur is a serene escape from the city's chaos. With lush greenery, dim lighting, and soothing music, it provides a captivating dining atmosphere. The ambiance invites you to unwind and enjoy delicious food amidst tranquility, making it a perfect retreat from the hustle and bustle of everyday life.



